

Thrust Areas of Machine Learning and Its Current Scenario

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Abstract- Machine Learning counter in this world beyond the buzzwords to transfigure our living cosmoses. It is made conceivable by the convergence of lively data. Traditionally, Machine learning (ML) is multi-disciplinary inclusive of statistics and computer science in around of computational systems from the collective data prediction than instructions. ML functions to the base fact of predictions of data on the reality of applications. Thence the thrust areas of Machine Learning with its bias are explicated here with certain reality and comprehensive examples like Trusting Scientific Discoveries Made Possible, Facing Volatile Price Trends for Tomato Growers, Gaining Critical Mass for Data Analytics Pros and Finding Hidden Technologies in IIOT. The techno ML is majorly bounded with rule and behavior-based systems, Bayesian and statistical algorithm, Neural Network and Deep Neural Network are also exposed here with their specification and its learning style is deliberated.

Keywords: Machine Learning, Scenario of ML, Analytics, Techno ML, IIOT, Neural Network

I. INTRODUCTION

Machine Learning is a scientific Endeavour to enrich the data of quest and initiate learning from the enriched data. Machine Learning usually attempts to resolve a problem with an approach of several symbolic methods like Neural Networks, ANN, DNN, Rule based and Bayesian Network [1]. It reinvents the generalized model in medical diagnosis, etc., In sequence, it performs logical, knowledge based rift on data acquisition and representation for successful implementation of logic programming, pattern regarding & IR. In current scenario, machine learning favors area in trusting scientific discoveries made possible, facing volatile price trends for tomato growers, gaining critical mass for data analytics pros and finding hidden technologies in IIOT etc., to improve the learner accuracy, data is predictable on known perspective learning technology upon enabling the distribution of digitized information. Unsupervised method outperforms with evaluation of reproduction of known knowledge. In state by way of statistics and machine learning it performs the ideas of methodological principles to theoretical tools and occupies a placeholder to calculate the overall field. It incorporates the random forest of algorithmic model for statistical learning.

II. TECHNO ML

Machine learning is a blistering focus for brain makers, even then the learning style are not digger appropriately [2]. Thence forward techno ML is metacognitive in dealing with structural data and patterned data with inclusive of multivariate techniques and dataset. The real time day routine activities around us is exhibited via natural language

processing through Alexa, Siri , Image Recognition via Facebook, Pinterest, shopping commendations in Amazon and search optimization in Google. Sort of algorithms like neural networks, deep neural network, decision trees, clustering etc., handle ML into right path and overcome the pathwall.

The learning style of ML are bounded with Supervised learning, Unsupervised learning and Semi-supervised learning to the required hype. Supervised learning has labeled training data as smart instance as marking spam in e-mail. Unsupervised learning produces unknown result as holding unlabeled data. The categorizing and prediction of the labeled and unlabeled data are done by Semi-supervised learning

Rule-based System is a collective of logical rule at design and implementation of input action is smoothed and sauced in sort of a robot may with rule functioning of discovering object with touchable and non-touchable. But at major cases produces controversial report on making decisions either to redirect or stop robot action.

Decision trees is a node system with specific structured and refined rules Classification and Regression Tree (CART) and Chi-squared Automatic Interaction Detection (CHAID) sort decision tree in successive and logical implementation of inputs

Naive Byes and Bayesian Belief Network (BBN) function with pre-determined conditional data like narrowing the scenario. In multicore systems, Neural Networks enclose the multivariate inputs and outputs that is wrapped in between

Artificial neural networks (ANNs) also gives complexity result but as a branch, DNN brings logical networks dynamically. It results in more computational horsepower than inference with a few samples. Example applications are image to voice recognition.

III. THRUST AREAS OF ML

Machine learning is focused attractively in wide applications with optimized hype. Here some of worldwide scenario deployed by ML is as follows as and represented in Fig .1

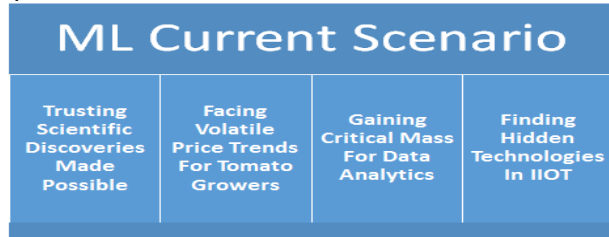


Fig.1 ML Current Scenario

1. Trusting Scientific Discoveries Made Possible

The Internet influences to produce enormous data via journals, documents and research papers. Open Access generates enormous data into the wild pay walls. Nowadays ML tends to successive implication work of “Machine work accordingly what human think” from what machine think as entity. It backgrounds with generating hypothesis complexity equivalents matches to input data complexity as given in Fig.2. ML brings forward to trust scientific discoveries if hypothesis is less complex than functional data[7], then the model is afar fit to data confidence and produce poor result with over fit of data in controversial. If hypothesis is equivalent to the input data it results in the decrement of error.

Henceforth I propose the CNN to get rid of scientific discoveries that is wrapped in hypothetical model.

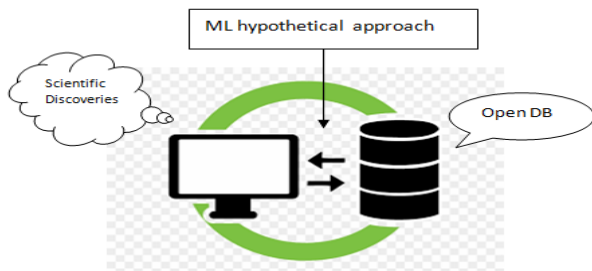


Fig.2 Generating real discoveries

2. Facing Volatile Price Trends For Tomato Growers

Weather may influence the agriculture but now the prediction of veggies production outcomes are in hand of human through AI and ML. it is successfully handled in Karnataka’s tomato growers, who habitually face volatile

price trends [3]. Karnataka Agricultural Prices Commission (KAPC) is in practice for predicting and suggesting the pricing for tomato by IBM developer’s trends for at least a fortnight and the production pattern of tomatoes on a pilot basis.

Satellite imagery and weather data are utilized on a real time basis to evaluate the acreage and monitor crop health via AI and ML. it detect pest and disease infestations, estimate the tomato output and yield. IBM division succeeded by forecasting both the supply situation and price using multivariate analysis and other inputs including weather and satellite images eventually, the price forecast will be shared with farmers through crop advisories.” Early warning on pest/disease outbreak based on advanced AI innovation and utilizes the weather awareness to monitor the crop cultivation [4].

3. Gaining Critical Mass For Data Analytics

ML being increasingly and revolutionary technique brings peak result in data analytics and management. It influences data management in all aspects inclusive of automation of database_operations and data tagging in pattern discovery by machine learning programs.ML consist of operational improvements in each process of data analytics as a crucial step in Research and development [5]. They wrap out the improvised technical setting via volume and quality of skilled data. The real-world case gives a batch of technical language stripping in targeted training by means of rule based algorithms to discover new patterns. It faces the standstill challenges of the next generation strategies oriented analytics.

4. Finding Hidden Technologies In IIOT

The performance, throughput, quality and outcome of industrial operations could be increased drastically by identifying the patterns present out of sight in existing operational data. This is achieved by machine learning approach by considering extensive training using on captured data on high-powered servers with less storage. Hence it is deployed in analytics of real time in Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) as in Fig.3.

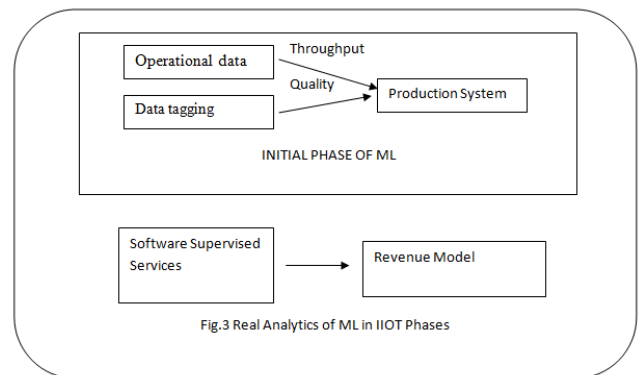


Fig.3 Real Analytics of ML in IIOT Phases

To find out the hidden techniques in IIOT, initially analytics phase is carried out in industrial operations in which data of production systems and its sensors for next level input quality and increased output manufacturing. Following that ML advances in the stream of revenue and in the mode of product driven on established industrial equipment company incorporating the supervised services, it is inclusive for software supervised services than hardware services and accomplished an “outcomes-driven” revenue model.

IV. CONCLUSION

ML focus on many standstill challenges in current scenario and give out resolution on many task either hypothetically or predicting and pattern discovery. It involves become skilled at from data than explicit directives. A lot of these techniques are intended for uncorroborated data-driven discoveries are accurately resolved by ML studies where discoveries aren't reproducible [6]. Early warning predictions are made possible to enrich the revenue model in several sectors. Our “ready-to-use” machine-learning system perks up operation by examining real-time data streams to discover patterns hidden in multivariate time series data excluding data scientists. In a wide range of use cases Machine learning is being deployed to improve operations . Thence this paper sorted out current scenarios of ML being utilized and deployed in multivariate sectors.

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